

HILL CLIMB

PERFORMANCE FACTOR (Pf) CONCEPT OF CAR CLASSIFICATION

EXPLANATION AND REQUIREMENTS FOR 2019 EVENTS

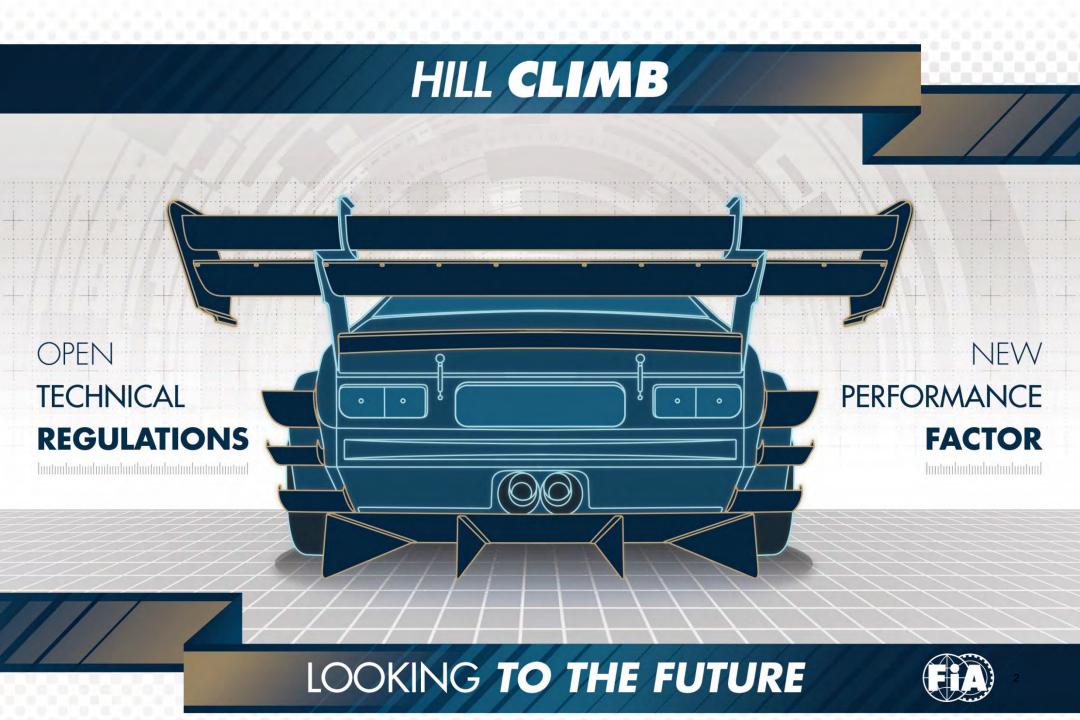
A WORLD IN MOTION

FEDERATION INTERNATIONALE DE L'AUTOMOBILE

FIA.COM

28-02-2019 (issue 2)







CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION
PERFORMANCE FACTOR (Pf)
PROJECT TIMING
FIA PF WEBSITE
FIA REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH EVENT
COMPETITORS
SCRUTINEERS
COMPARISON (ELIGIBLE CARS)

- Appendix 1- Input data for the FIA Pf website
- Appendix 2 Performance Factor calculations
- Appendix 3 Aerodynamic component dimension definition
- Appendix 4 Chassis component classification











INTRODUCTION

The Performance Factor (**Pf**) concept is designed to classify a diverse range of 'production based' cars for all hill climb competitions. The objective is to simply combine the technical features of a car to determine the class it will compete in. This process will be independent of the car's previous homologations, one-make series build specification or previous competition history.

This will allow cars, previously unable to be used in FIA Hill Climbs, to return to active competition and allow a larger variety of new cars to be proposed for entry.

Using physical data input by the competitor describing their car, calculations are made to derive a **Pf** number that places the car in the appropriate class.

The **Pf** will ensure that:

- The *competitor* is clear which class the car is allowed to compete in.
- The *organiser* can easily put the car in the appropriate class for an event.
- The <u>scrutineers</u> have physical elements available at an event to check against the classification.
- The <u>stewards</u> can resolve technical protests at an event without reference to paperwork from other championships/homologations, etc.

The objective in 2019 is to test the **Pf** systems, ahead of the 2020 season implementation.

A WORLD IN MOTION



PERFORMANCE FACTOR (Pf)

The **Pf** is derived from physical data input by the competitor to describe the car being entered. This involves using the data for calculations and checks against qualifying 'exceptions' that limit the class a car may compete in.

a) To calculate the Pf, the FIA Pf website is used as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

FIA Pf Website Features	
FIA Pf Website Operation	Comments will be solicited from competitors, officials and organisers about the operation and features of the website.
Input Car Data	Competitor enters data for his/her car.
Calculation	FIA Pf Website uses input data to calculate a Pf number.



PERFORMANCE FACTOR (Pf)

b) Calculation

The **Pf** calculation is as follows and is detailed in *Appendix 2*:

Each component is calculated using physical data supplied by the competitors about their car. The resulting number (**Pf**) is used to place the car in a class.

c) The minimum weight of a car cannot be less than the weight decided by the FIA Hill Climb Commission (normally as described in Article 277.3 of Appendix J for Category I). Awaiting for new technical regulations (for application from 2020).

d) Pf Classification of cars

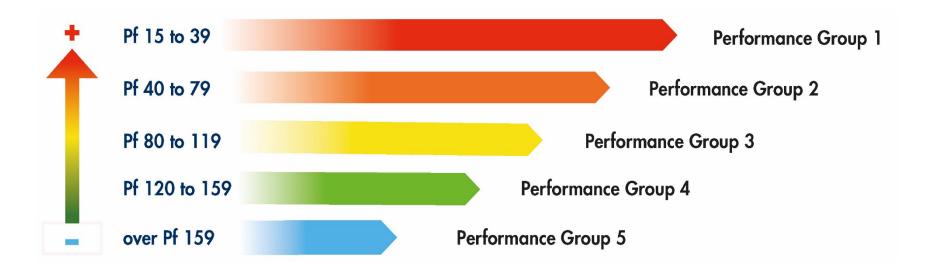
A car's **Pf** will determine the class it is in.

For example, Class 1 contains the higher performance cars with a **Pf** number in the range of 0-50. Higher numbered classes will contain lesser performing cars. The number of classes will be determined according to the Pf number 'window' to be decided.



PERFORMANCE FACTOR (Pf)

Pf classification*



^{*}values, terminologies and classifications to be approved by the WMSC of 4 December

e) Pf Website Access

The FIA **Pf** website will be accessible to: all parties, including the general public/press. They will be able to use this website to see how different combinations of technical specifications change the car's performance. Similar to preparing a car in a motor sport video game.

PERFORMANCE FACTOR v.autohaus-purgstall.a MOIL DRIVE TRAIN ENGINE RACE WEIGHT autohaus-purgstall CHASSIS HILL CLIMB AERODYNAMIC



PROJECT TIMING

During 2019

The **Pf** is to be trialled the FIA Championship events listed in Table 2. **Pf** simulations will be conducted by FIA technical observers.

Drivers and Competitors

Drivers and Competitors from Category 1 (Groups A, N, S20 and GT) and Group E2-SH in Category 2 will have to complete the **Pf information on the entry form** (from the **Pf** technical declaration) before the FIA Competition or, on request, during scrutineering. The procedures related to this **Pf** technical declaration (online registration etc.) will be specified in a bulletin.

These trials will be used to help educate and inform organisers, competitors, officials and stewards on the **Pf** concept and gather data on potential challenges at specific events.

This will require a larger team to deal with the technical and media requirements.

Table 2

Event		Date	Nr of FIA
		Personnel	
			Attending
St Jean du Gard	FRA	12-14/04	2-3
Rechberg	AUT	26-28/04	2-3
Rampa Int. da Falperra	PRT	10-12/05	1-2
Subida Int. al Fito	ESP	17-19/05	1-2
Ecce Homo Sternberk	CZE	31/05-02/06	1-2
ADAC Glasbachrennen	DEU	14-16/06	1-2
Trento Bondone	ITA	05-07/07	1-2
Dobsinsky kopec	SVK	19-21/07	1-2
Limanowa	POL	26-28/07	2-3
St. Ursanne	CHE	16-18/08	1-2
GHD Petrol Ilirska Bistrica	SVN	30/08-01/09	1-2
Buzetski dani	HRV	13-15/09	1-2



PROJECT TIMING

In 2020

The aim is to implement the **Pf** system in Category 1 (Groups A, N, S20 and GT) and in Category 2 (Group E2-SH) for the full FIA Championship and Cup.



In 2021

The aim is to implement the **Pf** system in Category 2 (Groups E2-SS, E2-SC and CN) for the full FIA Championship and Cup.





FIA PF WEBSITE

Multiple levels of access will be required to cater for the different user groups.

The FIA Pf website must be useable for these users as described below in Data Output.

The results of testing the system in 2018 & 2019 will help the FIA to understand how to implement the concept in 2020.

Data Output			
USER GROUP	Use of Performance Factor (Pf) Data Output	ACCESS ALLOWED	BY USER GROUP
		Pf Number	INPUT DATA
COMPETITORS	The Pf of the competitor's own car and the class the car	YES	YES
	qualifies for	for the competitor's car only	and can alter the data for the
			competitor's car only
SCRUTINEERS	Use data to check the car at an event	YES	YES
		for all cars	visual access only for all cars
			[A unique scrutineer comment
			sheet will be used for their
			input]
ORGANISERS	Pf used to arrange cars into appropriate classes	YES	NO
	7, ,	for all cars	
TIMEKEEPERS	Results use classes determined by Pf	YES	NO
		for all cars	
STEWARDS	Access to appropriate car data if relevant to a protest	YES	YES
		for all cars	visual access only for all cars



FIA PF WEBSITE

- a) The FIA **Pf** website is an ideal addition to the concept because it will provide a platform to input, manipulate and provide information to all groups requiring access to the information.
- **b)** The competitor will have an access point to the FIA **Pf** website where they will fill out an electronic 'Declaration Form' by entering data describing their car and declaring it is correct. Once they have entered this data, subsequent events will require minimal input. If there is a modification to the car during the season they can input the change into the FIA **Pf** website and the new Pf will be logged.
- c) Organisers can access the same FIA **Pf** website to check the cars entered into their event. The classification of these cars will be done automatically using the data the competitor entered and declared accurate, thus saving the organiser time before the event.
- Organisers can run national classes within the FIA competitions that can be 'isolated ' for local prizes using the FIA **Pf** website if requested.
- **d)** Stewards can handle protests or scrutineers' reports quickly with the requirement for only physical checks. The results can therefore be verified and released more easily.



REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH FIA CHAMPIONSHIP EVENT

The following will be required from the organiser to support the FIA personnel attending each event described in Table 2.

General Requirements during the event

- A dedicated work room or area with mobile phone signal and power supply (1-4 people).
- Internet Wifi access.
- A dedicated translator.
- An information session (10mn) led by the FIA technical observer and scheduled at the beginning of the Drivers' Briefing (screen, beamer, microphone, Wifi access).

Before scrutineering

- Internet Wifi access in the weighing area.
- Weight scales for the competitors to check race weights (free access within a specified time frame).
- An area to present the **Pf** to organisers / officials / competitors.

During scrutineering

- Internet Wifi access in the scrutineering area.
- Weight scales to check race weights.

During competitions

- An internet Wifi access in the scrutineering area.
- Power must be available in Parc Fermé for weight scales and computer as necessary.
- Weight scales to check race weights with a minimum of 4 people to operate the four balance pads.
- A screen to display the live timing in the format specified by FIA.
- A dedicated timekeeper in charge of issuing the **Pf** results and documents according to FIA format.





COMPETITORS

a) Before the FIA Championship competitions (or, on request, during scrutineering), drivers and competitors from Category 1 (Groups A, N, S20 and GT) and Group E2-SH in Category 2 will have to fill in the **Pf** form on the FIA **Pf** website.

During these FIA Championship events, the FIA personnel will engage local competitors to help them fill out the 'Declaration Form' and introduce them to the **Pf** concept. By doing this, the FIA personnel can gather the following information and help disseminate information about **Pf** to the end users.

- Entrant information;
- Car information;
- Driver equipment information.
- **b)** Access to multi-lingual information will be important and this is why a dedicated translator will be required.
- c) It is also hoped that the FIA **Pf** website will be accessible during the event to demonstrate to the competitors how potential car changes affect the **Pf** classification.



SCRUTINEERS

- a) During the event, the scrutineers will be shown how the **Pf** classification will be used and how the FIA **Pf** website could facilitate and enhance their checking ability. They will be able to check the following to aid their technical checks:
 - Check car data to confirm correct classification;
 - See reports on the car from preceding events.

b) Scrutineers can input notes into a car's data file relating to the specific event. FIA personnel will demonstrate this data access and input procedure.

A WORLD IN MOTION



COMPARISON / ELIGIBLE CARS

THE FOLLOWING PAGES ILLUSTRATE A SAMPLE OF POTENTIAL HILL CLIMB CARS AND COMPARE THEIR 2019 ELIGIBILITY WITH THEIR POTENTIAL 2020 ELIGIBILITY.





COMPARISON OF CARS ELIGIBLE FOR 2019 FIA EUROPEAN HILL CLIMB CHAMPIONSHIP AND THEIR POTENTIAL ELIGIBILITY FOR 2020 LIST (NOT EXHAUSTIVE)

VW Scirocco

Organisers can get a larger variety of entries into the FIA Competition with the use of the **Pf**. Examples are in the table below.

Car	2019		2020	Pf Sp	ecificatio	ons
	ELIGIBLE	→	ELIGIBLE	2 l. Turbo	4WD	1400kg
Barrio D	Category I		Category I			
Mitsubishi Lancer Evo IX	Group N					
	ELIGIBLE	-	ELIGIBLE	2.0 l. N/A	FWD	1200kg
TE CHIKO	Category I		Category I			
Honda Civic	Group N					
	ELIGIBLE	→	ELIGIBLE	1.6 l. N/A	FWD	1095kg
TO TABESHOW IN	Category I		Category I			
Citroën DS3 R1	Group A (R3T)					
	ELIGIBLE	-	ELIGIBLE	1.8 l. N/A	FWD	1250kg
000	Category I		Category I			
Honda Integra Type R	Group A					
	NOT ELIGIBLE	-	ELIGIBLE	2.2 l. Turbo	4WD	1250kg
			Category I			
Audi Sport Quattro	Group E1					
	Not eligible	→	ELIGIBLE	2.0 l. Turbo	4WD	1200kg
			Category I			
Lancia Delta Integrale EVO	Group E1					
	NOT ELIGIBLE	-	ELIGIBLE	2 l. Turbo	4WD	1325kg
- CO-220	Out of Group A homologation		Category I			
Mitsubishi Lancer Evo VIII						
	Eligible in Category II	-	ELIGIBLE	5.7 l. N/A	RWD	1250kg
			Category I			
Opel Kadett C V8 GT/R	Group E2-SH					

Car	2019	2020	Pf Sp	ecificat	ions
	Eligible in	ELIGIBLE	2.0 l.Turbo	4WD	1380kg
	Category II	Category I			
Mitsubishi Lancer Evo IX	Group E2SH				
Willsubishi Lancer Evo IX	NOT ELIGIBLE	FLIGIBLE	1.91. Turbo	FWD	1120kg
	1,40,000,00	-	1.71. 10100	1110	TTZONG
E Married		Category I			
Seat Léon Super Coppa	Group FFSA/A				
lès lès	NOT EUGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.41. N/A	FWD	925kg
		Category I			
Peugeot 106 XSi	Group FFSA/FN				
20001100701	NOT EUGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	3.21. Turbo	RWD	1200kg
S A S	_	Category I			Ü
	Group FFSA/GTTS				
BMW M3 E46 GTR	•		0/2//	D) 1 / C	1100
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	2 l. N/A	RWD	1180kg
O III O		Category I			
BMW 320 WTCC	GroupE1				
III III O	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	2 l. Turbo	4WD	1300kg
		Category I			
	GroupE1				
Subaru ImprezàVRX STI	NOT EUGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.71. Turbo	4WD	10701
	MOLERGIBLE		1./1. Turbo	4000	1070kg
		Category I			
4 h 00 0 m	GroupE1				
Audi 80 Quattro	NOT EUGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.61. N/A	FWD	1120kg
		Category I			
	GroupE1	5 /			
Honda Civic	O100PE1				
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.61. N/A	FWD	950kg
		Categoryl			
	GroupE1				
Peugeot 106 GTi	NOT EUGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	2.01. N/A	FWD	830kg
	IAOI ERRIPE	Erigibre	2.01. IN/A	ΓΥΥυ	озикд
		_			
	GroupE1	Category I			

COMPARISON OF CARS ELIGIBLE FOR 2019 FIA EUROPEAN HILL CLIMB CHAMPIONSHIP AND THEIR POTENTIAL ELIGIBILITY FOR 2020 LIST (NOT EXHAUSTIVE)

A WORLD IN MOTION

Car	2019	2020	Pf Sp	ecificatio	ons
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	2.3 l. N/A	RWD	980kg
		Category I			
Opel Kadett	Group E1				
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	N/A	RWD	1150kg
110	Group	Category I			
Volvo TC10	FFSA/GTTS				
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	2.0 l. N/A	FWD	960kg
	BTCC	Category I			
Renault Williams BTCC					
	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.6 l. N/A	FWD	1130kg
716	Swift Cup	Category I			
Suzuki Swift Sport 1.6	Not eligible -	ELIGIBLE	2.0 l. Turbo	4WD	1270kg
The state of the s	INOT ELIGIBLE		2.01.10100	4440	127 Okg
		Category I			
Mitsubishi Mirage R5 WRT	Group E1				
Evo2	Not eligible -	ELIGIBLE	1.6 l. Turbo	FWD	1130kg
	Group E1		1.01.10100	1440	TTOOKS
	(Italian Starter Class –	Category I			
BMW Mini JCW	Racing start)				
DIVITY IVIIII JCVV	NOT ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	1.3 l. N/A	FWD	800kg
	Group National ("class	Category I			
W. W.	1A - Bantam Saloon Class" / Irish Hill Climb				
Vauxhall Nova-Suzuki	Championship)				

^{*} N/A Naturally Aspirated Induction



APPENDIX 1

PERFORMANCE FACTOR
INPUT DATA FOR THE FIA **Pf** WEBSITE





APPENDIX 1 - PERFORMANCE FACTOR / INPUT DATA FOR THE FIA Pf WEBSITE

1. GEN	IERAL INFORMATION		4. DRI	IVETRAIN	
Input #			Input #		
1	Entrant name			Driven wheels position	☐ FWD ☐ RWD ☐ AWD
2	Driver name		21	No. of gears	
3	Contact email		22	Shifting mechanism	☐ Manual ☐ Sequential
4	Car - make		23	Wheel diameter	Inches
5	Car - model		1		
6	Engine – make		5. AEI	RODYNAMIC	
			Input #		
	E WEIGHT		24		mm
Input #				Front overhang (max)	mm
/	Race weight	kg kg	26	Splitter ahead of bumper	mm
	(weight of the car, driver ar	nd fluids incl.)	27	Rear overhang (max)	mm
				Diffuser rearward of rear bumper	mm
3. ENG	<u>FINE</u>		29	3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mm
Input #	<u> </u>		T	wheel centreline	
8	Origin	☐ Car ☐ Moto	30	Rear wing height above ground level Front width of car on front axle centreline	mm
9	Cylinder layout	□ L □ V □ W □ H	31	Front width of car on front axle centreline	mm
10	No. of cylinders		32	Rear width of car on rear axle centreline	mm
11	No. of valves		1		
	(total in the engine)		6. CH/	ASSIS	
12	Bore	mm	Input #		
13	Stroke		33	0 /1 \ //	
14	Displacement	cm ³	34	Chassis structure type	
	•			(see Appendix 4) No. of operable doors and rear hatch (if	
15	Oil Sump type	☐ Dry ☐ Wet	35	No. of operable doors and rear hatch (if	
16	Fuel type	☐ Petrol ☐ Diesel	<u> </u>	applicable)	<u> </u>
17	Induction type	☐ Turbo / Supercharger		Fuel tank type	☐ Production ☐ FIA
.,		·	37	Windscreen	☐ Glass ☐ Plastic
		☐ Normally aspirated	1		
18	No. of restrictors		4	pf	
19	Restrictor inside diameter	mm	_	- PI	21



APPENDIX 2

PERFORMANCE FACTOR
CALCULATIONS





The class the car will run in will be determined by the Performance Factor (**Pf**) calculated using the data provided by each competitor in the 'Declaration Form' on the FIA **Pf** website.

$$Pf = \frac{Rw}{PcE * PcD * PcA * PcC}$$

Where Rw = Racing weight (including Driver)

PcE = Engine Performance Component

PcD = Drive Train Performance Component

PcA = Aerodynamic Performance Component

PcC = Chassis Performance Component

A WORLD IN MOTION



The class the car will run in will be determined by the Performance Factor (**Pf**) calculated using the data provided by the competitor in the 'Declaration Form' on the FIA **Pf** website.

RACING WEIGHT	(Rw)
Weight of car and driver [Kg]	As measured in parc fermé

► Appendix 1 Input Number 7

	CE WEIGHT		
Input #	Race weight	kg	
	(weight of the car, drive	r and fluids incl.)	

ENGINE	(PcE)
Engine = FIA Power calculation using on Numbers 8-19	lata from engine component in Appendix 1 Input

► Appendix 1 Input Numbers 8-19

3. ENG	SINE	
Input #		
8	Origin	☐ Car ☐ Moto
9	Cylinder layout	□ L □ V □ W □ H
10	No. of cylinders	
11	No. of valves (total in the engine)	1
12	Bore	mm
13	Stroke	
14	Displacement	cm ³
15	Oil Sump type	☐ Dry ☐ Wet
16	Fuel type	☐ Petrol ☐ Diesel
17	Induction type	☐ Turbo / Supercharger ☐ Normally aspirated
18	No. of restrictors	
19	Restrictor inside diameter	mm



DRIVETRAIN	(PcD)	(PcD)					
	Input Values						
Number of Gears	N in 1.1^(N/4)						
Wheel Diameter (inches)	17" Standard in 76kg / inch dia	17" Standard in 76kg / inch diameter					
	Configuration question reply	Configuration question reply Yes No					
Gearbox actuation	Manual	x 1.0	x 1.0				
	Sequential (automatic)	x 1.1	x 1.0				
Driven Wheels	Front wheel drive	x 1.0	x 1.0				
	Rear wheel drive	x 1.1	x 1.0				
	All-wheel drive	x 1.3	x 1.0				

► Appendix 1 Input Numbers 20-23

	VETRAIN	
Input #	Driven wheels position	☐ FWD ☐ RWD ☐ AWD
12.711.77	No. of gears	
	Shifting mechanism	☐ Manual ☐ Sequential
23	Wheel diameter	Inches



AERODYNAMIC	(PcA)			
Input Values Wheelbase				
[mm]	WB		See Appendix 3	
Front overhang to Splitter [mm]	SFOH	Front overhang, Front of splitter to front axle line	See Appendix 3	
Splitter length [mm]	SL	Front of splitter to front of bumper overhang	See Appendix 3	
Rear overhang (lower) to end of diffuser or bumper [mm]	LROH	Rear overhang Rear axle line to longest dimension, rear bumper or diffuser	See Appendix 3	
Rear overhang to end of rear wing [mm]	RWROH	Rear overhang above top of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension (if rearward of rear bumper)	See Appendix 3	
Rear wing height	RWH	Maximum height of rear wing from ground	See Appendix 3	
Width at front wheels [mm]	Wfw	From outside of tyre to outside of tyre at front	See Appendix 3	
Width at rear wheels [mm]	Wrw	From outside of tyre to outside of tyre at rear	See Appendix 3	
Calculated Values				
Splitter area [m²]	SA=	SFOH * Wfw		
Diffuser area [m²]	DA=	LROH * Wrw		
Rear wing area	RWA=	(RWROH ² +RWH ²) ^{1/2} * Wrw		

► Appendix 1 Input Numbers 24-32

put#	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
24	Wheelbase	mm
25	Front overhang (max)	mm
26	Splitter ahead of bumper	mm
27	Rear overhang (max)	mm
28	Diffuser rearward of rear bumper	mm
	Rear wing position rearward of rear wheel centreline	mm
30	Rear wing height above ground level	mm
31	Front width of car on front axle centreline	mm
32	Rear width of car on rear axle centreline	mm



CHASSIS	(PcC)		
Roll cage			Factor used
Type 1	App. J 253 Article 8.3.1 + Article 8.3.2.1 Using basic cage in Dwg 253 1-3 plus one or more of Dwg 253 4-15	See Appendix 4	1
Type 2	Type 1, plus one or more of Dwg 253 16-33	See Appendix 4	2
Туре 3	Cage with extra structure not in App. J 253 Article 8.3.2	See Appendix 4	3
EXTRA Chassis structure	•		Factor used
CS1	No extra structural members		1
CS2	Structural member(s) between one or both axle strut towers without intermediate connections.	See Appendix 4	2
CS3	Additional structural member(s) within the central structural volume	See Appendix 4	3
CS4	Additional structural member(s) outside the central structural volume	See Appendix 4	4
Number of doors			
	Number of doors and rear hatch that access the cockpit of the car.		2 to 5

► Appendix 1 Input Numbers 33-35

#		
	Roll cage type (see Appendix 4)	□1□2□3
1	Chassis structure type (see Appendix 4)	
35	No. of operable doors and rear hatch (if applicable)	



Specific data will trigger exceptions to the calculated **Pf**. Certain configurations will be allowed only in defined classes.

Examples are:

- Production fuel tanks are currently not allowed in FIA international events (Appendix 1, Input Number 36).
- To be confirmed The use of non-production windscreen material may be allowed in lower **Pf** number classes, i.e. higher performance levels (Appendix 1, Input Number 37).

These exceptions will trigger appropriate changes to the calculation described above.

A WORLD IN MOTION



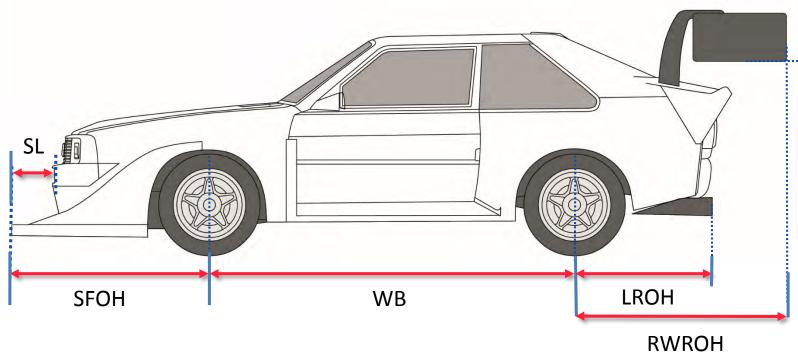
APPENDIX 3

AERODYNAMIC COMPONENT DIMENSION DEFINITION





Aerodynamic Component Dimension Description



SL

► Splitter Length [mm] / Front of splitter to front of bumper overhang

SFOH

► Front Overhang to Splitter [mm] / Front overhang, Front of splitter to front axle line

WB

► Wheelbase [mm]

LROH

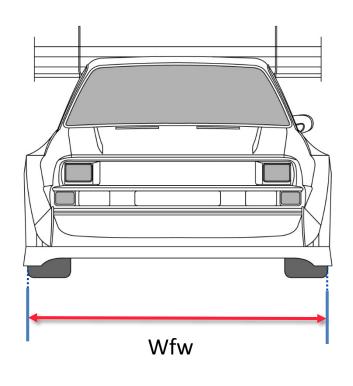
▶ Rear Overhang (lower) to end of Diffuser or Bumper [mm] / Rear overhang, Rear axle line to longest dimension, rear bumper or diffuser

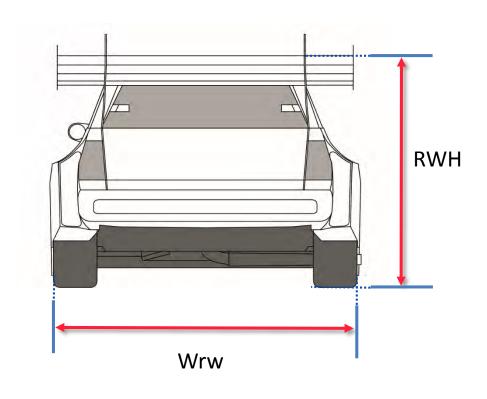
RWROH ▶ Rear Overhang to end of Rear Wing [mm] / Rear overhang above top of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height, rear axle line to rear wing Rear dimension % of tyre height. rearward of rear bumper)



Wrw

Aerodynamic Component Dimension Description





Wfw ▶ Width at Front Wheels [mm] / From outside of tyre to outside of tyre at front

▶ Width at Rear Wheels [mm] / From outside of tyre to outside of tyre at rear

RWH ► Rear Wing Height [mm] / Maximum height of rear wing from ground



APPENDIX 4

CHASSIS COMPONENT CLASSIFICATION



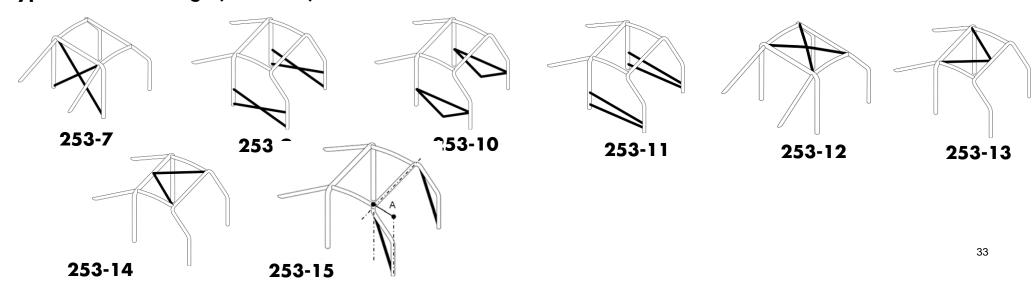


Roll Cage Types are described below:

Type 1 Basic Roll Cage

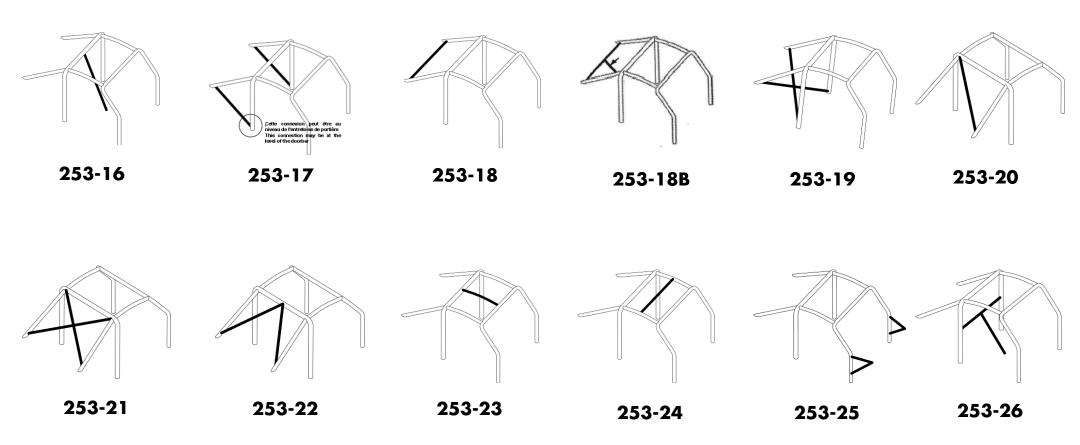


Type 1 Basic Roll Cage (additions)



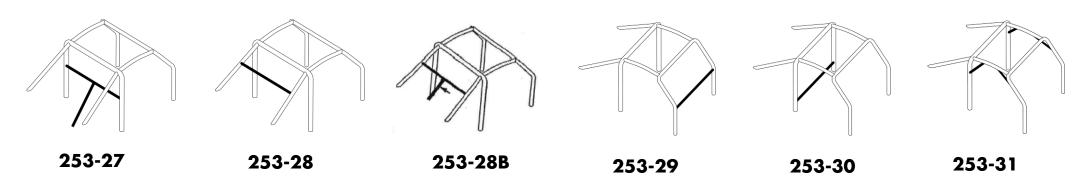


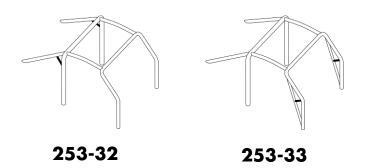
Type 2 Roll Cage (optional additions)





Type 2 Roll cage (optional additions)







Type 3 Roll cage (non Appendix J type)

Roll cages that have any of the following items will be classified as Type 3

- Welding to the central structural volume.
- More than six mounting feet (unless indicated in Type 2 cage options).
- If a structure starts and ends on a roll cage and is not described in Type 1 and 2.

A WORLD IN MOTION



Chassis structure classification

Chassis structure classes are described below using the following definitions:

- A central structural volume is defined as the volume inside:
 - a vertical plane passing through the forward most part of the front windscreen;
 - o a vertical plane passing through the rear of the rear wheels;
 - o roof, floor, door and side body panels;
 - o for open cars, the interior volume unbounded by the above criteria will be defined as the exterior of the roll cage.
- A **structural member** is a rigid element connecting two or more points of the bodywork and/or roll cage.
- Bodywork is defined as the roof, side panels, doors and floor.
- A **roll cage bar** defined by Appendix J, Article 253, Drawing 253-18, will also be considered as a structural member for the purpose of CS2 if any part is within 150 mm of the lower connection point along the axis of the backstay.

A WORLD IN MOTION



Chassis structure classification

CS1 Chassis structure Class 1 No extra structural members

C52 Chassis structure Class 2

Structural member(s) between one or both axle strut towers without intermediate connections.



Type 2 roll cage and CS2 strut structure

C53 Chassis structure Class 3

Additional structural member(s) to those described in CS2 within the central structural volume.



CS3 additional structure internal



Chassis structure classification

CS4

Chassis structure Class 4

Additional structural member(s) to members described in CS2 and CS3 outside the central structural volume

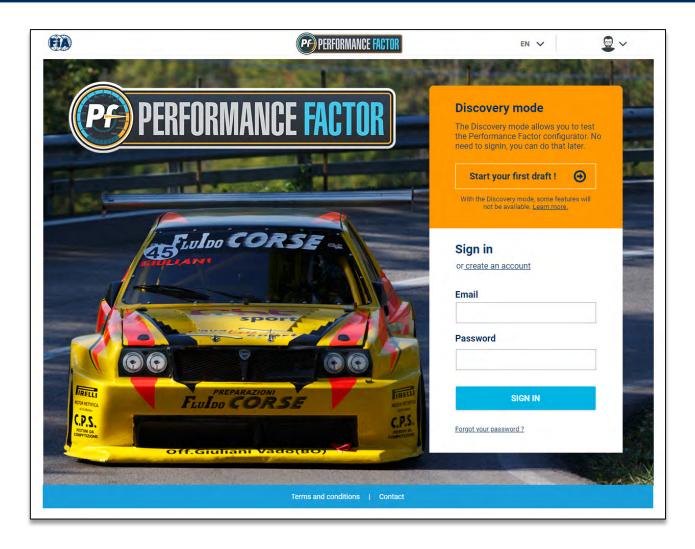






CS4 additional structure external





www.fiaperformancefactor.com









CONTACT: pf@fia.com



FEDERATION
INTERNATIONALE
DE L'AUTOMOBILE
WWW.FIA.COM